

BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH.

VOLUME 2, NO. 230.

BRAINERD, MINN., MONDAY, MARCH 2, 1903

PRICE TWO CENTS.

CLEARANCE SALE STILL ON AT THE BIG STORE.

Men's heavy Underwear the 50c kind for.....	33 1-2c
The \$1.00 kind.....	75c
The \$1.50 kind.....	\$1.20
woolen Socks worth 25c for.....	19c
Woolen Socks worth 50c for.....	30c
Sheepskin Duck Coats for.....	\$2.50
All Caps and Rubbers go at cost and below. ➡ ➡ ➡	

B. KAATZ & SON.

203-205 Kindred Street,

East Brainerd.

CALENDAR IS CROWDED

MORE THAN ENOUGH WORK BE
FORE SENATE TO KEEP IT
BUSY TO THE END.

MUCH TO REMAIN UNDONE

Not More Than Twelve Per Cent of
Bills Introduced Will Have Become
Laws at Close of Session—Approp-
riation Bills, Conference Reports
and Aldrich Bond Deposit Bill to
Take Precedence Over Others.

Washington, March 2.—The senate has more than enough work to keep it occupied the last week of the session and do the best it may there will be much left undone when the gavel of the president pro tempore shall fall at the close of the final sitting at noon Wednesday, when the last session of the Fifty-seventh congress will close by constitutional limitation. The calendar, even at this late day, is quite full, and there are many more bills in committee than have been reported out. In the present congress, like most others, only about 10 or 12 per cent of the bills introduced have become laws, but it is also to be said that the record of bills introduced far exceeds that of any previous congress. Tuesday's session will be continued until noon Wednesday, and the senate will be in almost continuous session day and night until then.

Of the supply bills, the sundry civil, postoffice, naval and fortification bills are still in the hands of conference committees, but there are no points in dispute in connection with any of them which are likely to be difficult of adjustment; the general deficiency bill is the only one of the appropriation bills that has not passed the senate, and it will be passed some time during the day.

Aldrich Bond Deposit Bill.

Aside from the appropriation bills and conference reports, precedence will be given to the Aldrich bond deposit bill. Senator Aldrich expresses confidence that this bill will pass during the day, but some of the Democratic senators say that its passage is out of the question because of the number of speeches to be made on it, and they contend that if its passage shall be assured it cannot be gotten through the house. There is also great anxiety to get action on the Philippine tariff bill, and while there is also opposition to this measure, it is intimated that this antagonism might cease in case of a cessation of the efforts to pass the bond deposit bill, but Senator Aldrich is not disposed to yield to this kind of argument. It therefore seems probable that the greater part of the day will be devoted to the Aldrich bill and to appropriations. There will be a determined effort to get the Philippine bill in shape to send to the president before the final dissolution of congress on Wednesday but this, as intimated above, may depend on the fate of the financial measure. A final attempt will be made to

Press the Panama Canal Treaty

to a conclusion in the hope that Senator Morgan may relent in his opposition and allow the treaty to be ratified rather than force an extra session of the senate. His friends say, however, that he has no such intention and add that he is willing to accept the full responsibility for a called session.

RIVERS ON RAMPAGE

HUNDREDS OF PITTSBURG FAMI-
LIES FORCED TO ABANDON
THEIR HOMES.

NO LOSS OF LIFE REPORTED

Much Damage to Property Is Done,
and Traffic in Many Places Is at a
Standstill—Cellars and Basements
of Business Houses Are Inundated.
People in Allegheny Adopt Venetian
Methods of Traversing Streets.

Pittsburg, March 2.—With every tributary of the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers emptying swirling torrents into the banks of these two streams and rushing down to the point where they converge to form the Ohio, Pittsburg was given a visitation during the day which forced hundreds of families to either abandon their homes or seek escape from the water in the upper stories, while mud and water dispensed destruction and discomfort below. Mills in the low lying levels throughout the county, numbering between fifty and sixty, were flooded, and 38,375 men are down idle for four or five days with a loss in wages of more than \$326,748.

Flood Is General.

The flood was general throughout Western Pennsylvania, the streams everywhere overflowing their banks and causing more or less damage to the houses and farms that lay in their course. Down town in Pittsburg cellars and basements of business houses which are in the general flood belt were inundated, while in Allegheny two railroads were temporarily paralyzed owing to the water which covered their tracks. People in the First and Third wards, Allegheny, had to adopt Venice methods of going to and from their homes. Gondolas of the ordinary skiff type were commoner than wheeled vehicles.

A ample warning had been received by most of the residents and business firms threatened in time for them to make preparations to minimize the losses.

Smoot Will Be Seated.

On the first day of the new session the new senators will be sworn in. Among those who will take the oath of office will be Mr. Smoot of Utah, against whom, on account of his connection with the Mormon church and his alleged adherence to its tenets, old and new, a number of protests have been filed. These protests do not constitute proof and, as Mr. Smoot's credentials are entirely regular, he will be allowed to take his seat and the investigation, if one is to be made, will be postponed until the regular session of congress, beginning in December next. If there should be objection to Mr. Smoot taking his seat the ceremony, under the rules of the senate, might be postponed for a day. It is intimated that there may be some discussion of his case during the extra session, but if so it would precede all committee action and would come up either as a question of privilege or in connection with some other question.

EULOGIZES HOUSE MEMBERS.

Senate Holds Sunday Session to Pay
Tribute to the Dead.

Washington, March 2.—The senate spent three hours Sunday in eulogies of four deceased members of the house.

Speeches eulogistic of their lives and labors were delivered upon the late Peter J. Oney of Virginia, James Moody of North Carolina, John W. Rumble of Iowa and Thomas R. Tongue of Oregon. At the conclusion of the addresses the several resolutions of regret were adopted and as a further mark of respect the senate at 3 o'clock adjourned.

SUIT IS DECIDED.

Indian's Heirs Win in Contest for
Valuable Property.

Kansas City, March 2.—A jury in the case of Annie B. Wood and other heirs of Silas Armstrong, an Indian, to recover Missouri river bottom land in Kansas City, Kan., valued at \$1,000,000 and occupied by large packing houses, railways and others, has returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiffs.

The attorneys for the defense have filed notice of appeal. In all there were forty plaintiffs and ten defendants. The tract of land contains nearly eighty-five acres and originally belonged to Silas Armstrong, a Wyandotte Indian, but according to the jury's verdict was an island from 1867 until 1891.

KILLED BY A WORK TRAIN.

Two Pennsylvania Men Run Down
Near Dravensburg.

Pittsburg, March 2.—Reuben Maxwell, a coal miner of Coal Valley, and Frank Wilson, his brother-in-law, were struck and instantly killed by a work train on the Pittsburg, Virginia and Charleston road near Dravensburg. Maxwell's nephew was a fireman on the work train.

WILL CONTINUE FILIBUSTER.

Democrats of the House Deside to
Block Legislation to the End.

Washington, March 2.—The Democrats of the house have decided to prosecute their filibuster until congress expires by limitation at noon March 4, and the three remaining days of the session, therefore, promise to be largely repetitions of the past three—that is, all business will have to be transacted in the face of every obstacle which the minority can impose. But even by the laborious processes to which the majority will be put, it is believed, ample time remains to get through the conference reports on the remaining five appropriation bills. There is slim chance for much beyond that so far as the house is concerned. Twenty-seven bills with senate amendments are on the speaker's table. One or two of these may get through, but the great majority are doomed to die where they are. The one bill in which the Republican leaders are particularly interested is the Aldrich financial bill, and if it comes from the senate a way will be found, probably through the operation of a special rule, to secure action on it. The complications arising out of the fact that a hostile committee, that on banking and currency, has jurisdiction over the subject, can be overcome by a rule. It is believed that the immigration bill which passed the senate Saturday in amended form also will be acted on.

TRANSACTS SOME BUSINESS.

House Puts District of Columbia Bill
Through Last Stage.

Washington, March 2.—The house of representatives held a four hours' session Sunday, and put the District of Columbia appropriation bill through its last parliamentary stage in the face of the Democratic filibuster. The previous question on the conference report on the Alaskan homestead bill was ordered and the vote on its adoption will be taken when the house reconvenes. That was the net result of the Sunday session. Although it was Sunday by the calendar it was still Thursday, Feb. 26, according to parliamentary fation. The Democrats put a block in the legislative wheel at every opportunity and it required six roll calls to accomplish what was done. Large crowds watched the proceedings from the galleries.

A resolution introduced in the house by Mr. Dalzell and referred to the committee on rules, provided for a joint resolution to continue appropriations in the event of the failure of any of the supply bills to pass at this session. It is reported that there is a disposition on the part of the conference on one or two of the appropriation bills not to yield, and the aim of the resolution is to provide against the contingency of a disagreement of any conference committee.

FOWLER CURRENCY BILL.

House Committee Authorizes a Favorable Report on It.

Washington, March 2.—The house committee on banking and currency by a vote of 7 to 2—a strict party vote—authorized a favorable report on the currency bill introduced Saturday by Representative Fowler, chairman of the committee. In reporting the bill the committee says:

"In addition to providing for the issuing and circulation of national bank notes, the object of this measure is to immediately put back into circulation any money the government may collect through its receipts as well as through its collections from internal revenues."

The friends of the new Fowler bill will urge its adoption instead of the Aldrich bill, should that measure come over from the senate, and also in place of the Payne bill.

INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY.

General Booth Would Establish One for Salvation Army Workers.

New York, March 2.—General William Booth, head of the Salvation Army, presided at three farewell meetings in the Academy of Music during the day to mark the close of his five months' visit to this country, during which he delivered addresses in fifty-two cities.

At the night meeting the Academy was filled to overflowing. In the course of his address General Booth announced a plan for the establishment of an international university for the development of trained rulers of humanity.

"A university of the science of humanity," he said, "where men and women can be trained to reclaim depraved women, criminals, and drunkards—that's what I want now. I mean a great institution, with its main establishments in London and New York, correlated with branches in Melbourne, Toronto, Berlin and Paris, from which thousands of Salvation Army workers shall be sent to the submerged masses each year, skilled in every known method of rescuing human beings from the under world of despair."

STRUCK BY AN AVALANCHE.

Engine of a Passenger Train Derailed in Illinois.

Alton, Ill., March 2.—As the Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis southbound passenger train was passing a bluff near Clifton terrace at forty miles an hour Sunday night an avalanche of earth came rolling down and stopped its passage.

The engine was derailed and the train was delayed five hours. Passengers were shaken up but none was hurt.

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The Price Thermometer now the Lowest.

12 1-2c quality White India Linens

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20c quality White India Linens

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25c quality White India Linens

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Prices Cut No Figure.

Goods must be sold as quickly as possible.

Lot Men's and Youth's Suits sold as high as \$7.50,

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Lot Men's and Youth's Suits, sold as high as \$10,

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\$7.50

Men's Suits that others show at \$18 and \$20,

\$10.00

Men's and Boy's Fine and Heavy Shoes, all \$1.50 and \$2.00,

\$1.19

\$2.50 Men's Fine Kangaroo, Calf and Kid Shoes

\$1.50

\$3.50 and \$4.00 Men's Fine Kid, lined Shoes, all latest Toes,

\$2.50

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Now is the Time to Supply Your Future Needs.

A. E. MOBERG,

Dry Goods, Clothing and Shoes,

516-518 Front St. - Brainerd, Minn.

APPOINTMENT OF NEGROES.

The President Upholds His Policy in Letter to Atlanta Constitution.

Atlanta, Ga., March 2.—A letter from President Roosevelt to the editor of the Constitution is a reply to a request for an expression concerning the recent letter by Mr. Stillwell Edwards, of Macon, in which Mr. Edwards made a statement as to the president's position regarding federal appointments in the South, claiming the president had been misinformed.

President Roosevelt says that his appointments speak for themselves and that he does not need to apologize for any of them, but rather should feel that he has the right to claim the support of all good citizens who desire a high standard of federal service and fair dealing with the South. He has sought to consider the feelings of the people in each locality in making appointments as long as that feeling did not conflict with principle, and he has often gone to the opposition party in the South when not satisfied with what his own party offered. In regard to appointments of negroes, the president said:

"I could not treat mere color as a permanent bar to holding office, any more than I could treat creed or birthplace, always provided that in other respects the applicant or incumbent is a worthy and well behaved American citizen. Just as little will I treat it as conferring a right to hold office."

GALE RENEWED.

Vessels Still Taking Refuge in Ports Along British Coast.

London, March 2.—The gale was renewed in the British Isles Saturday night and continued during the day, but with less violence. Vessels are still taking refuge in the ports, arriving battered by the storm. Others have gone ashore. A quantity of wreckage has been seen off the coast of Northumberland and the indications point to the wreck of the British ship Cambrian Prince. Captain Owens, Coquimbo for Middlesborough, which called at Queenstown Feb. 11.

Later news from the South of Ireland shows that the gale was exceedingly fierce. Many storm beaten vessels have taken shelter in Cork harbor. The British steamer Pharsalia went through a terrible experience. She left Boston Jan. 30 for Leith, called

Thursday next.

JEFFRIES AND CORBETT.

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THE DAILY DISPATCH.

BY INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

E. C. GRIFFITH, City Editor.

Entered at post-office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Week	Ten Cents
One Month	Forty Cents
One Year	Four Dollars

MONDAY, MARCH 2, 1903.

Weather.

Possible showers or snow flurries.

In his Fergus Falls Globe, Haldor E. Boen editorially says: "I reviewed my past and read nothing but blunders. I peered into my future and only oblivion could see." It has been said that an open confession is good for the soul. Bro. Boen should take something for that tired feeling.

Over at Sauk Center the new Carnegie library building will occupy the site now occupied by the Congregational church, the church people having agreed to move their edifice in order to give the library a choice location and satisfy a popular demand.

The price paid for the site was \$2,500, of which amount the city council voted \$1,000, the school board \$1,000 and the library board put up the other \$500. And to show how some cities appreciate the value of a library it may be stated that not a dissenting vote was recorded in either of the four corporations that had to pass upon the proposition.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES.

D. Dylkeman has returned from the cities.

E. H. Simmons left for the east this afternoon.

F. S. Johns, of Duluth, spent Sunday in the city.

Hon. A. F. Ferris returned from St. Paul this afternoon.

Dr. Courtney returned from St. Paul this afternoon.

Attorney Allbright returned from the south this afternoon.

Robt. Gatewood, of Fargo, is here visiting Wm. Waldrop.

J. B. Williams was a passenger to the Twin cities this afternoon.

J. W. Bailey, of Pequot, is in the city this afternoon on business.

P. S. Stillings has been failing for some time and is not expected to live long.

Miss Jess Tyler returned from her visit at Duluth and the Twin cities this afternoon.

P. J. McKeon arrived in the city from Bemidji this morning where he has been on business.

Henry Poppenberg expects to leave in a few days for California to spend a month or two.

W. F. Holst, the Front street machinery man, left this afternoon for the Twin cities on business.

Conductor Bush returned this morning from Staples where he went last evening to join the O. R. C.

H. M. Gann, of the hotel at Backus, passed through the city this afternoon en route to Minneapolis.

Chas. Hazen who has been visiting in the city for some time, left this afternoon for Peoria, Ill., on land business.

There will be no meeting of the D. H. tomorrow night as the hall will not be ready. They will meet for the first time on March 17.

A novel sight to see is a carload of elegant apples at this time of the year. Cleary, McGinnis & Hemstead received two car loads this morning.

R. G. Vallentyne has received a part of his new furniture for his office on Sixth street. The new roll top desk and the typewriter desk are already in position. They are new and up-to-date and both are out of the ordinary. Mr. Vallentyne will have as fine office fixtures as there are in the city when they are all installed.

Dr. J. A. Thabes and A. L. Mattes left last night for St. Paul where they will secure a new outfit of robes and other paraphernalia for use in putting candidates through, most of the stuff in use before having been badly damaged by the smoke and water in the recent fire. This committee will have this stuff shipped here by Thursday night and it will be used for the first time on that evening, when an unusually large class of candidates will be put through. The event will be an interesting one in Elk circles in Brainerd.

W. T. Blakeley, of Farley, was in the city this morning on business.

Mrs. M. Case, of Walker, is visiting in this city with Mrs. C. F. Nelson.

T. J. Foley, Aitkin, passed through the city this afternoon en route to Minneapolis.

Henry Walters, of Montreal, Can., is in the city visiting with his brother R. F. Walters.

Bishop Morrison passed through the city this afternoon en route to his home in Duluth.

Attorney A. T. Larson returned from Little Falls this afternoon where he has been attending court.

Miss Minnie Anderson left for St. Paul this afternoon after a pleasant visit in the city with friends and relatives.

O. K. Burdette and wife moved to their home at Vincennes this afternoon, after spending the winter in the city.

Fred Slipp returned from Minneapolis this afternoon where he has been attending the hardware dealers convention.

Ernest Jones left for St. Paul this afternoon where he will serve on the grand jury of the United States Circuit court.

John Ley, the directory man, arrived in the city this afternoon to make the preliminary canvass for a new city directory.

There will be a meeting of the members of the board of directors of the Y. M. C. A. in the "Y" parlors on Wednesday evening.

Dr. Forbes passed through the city this afternoon en route to Minneapolis and St. Paul from Motley where he officiated yesterday.

Joseph Bentley, brother-in-law of Mrs. L. F. Nelson, died at his home in Marshall, Mich., on Feb. 28. Mr. Nelson left for Michigan Saturday night.

W. E. Seelye left this afternoon for Minneapolis, where will meet Mrs. Ray Seelye, his daughter-in-law, who is coming to Brainerd from Sault St. Marie for a visit.

Assistant General Superintendent Pierson, of the N. P., accompanied by Supt. Blanchard, of the Minnesota division, was in the city for a short time between trains this morning.

P. G. Clarkson, the popular traveling salesman for a Duluth wholesale house, arrived in the city this afternoon. Mr. Clarkson expects to make this city his headquarters and has taken apartments in the Hartley block.

A bright baby boy has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Cook, and there is no happier household in the third ward today. The smile that radiates Mr. Cook's face as he gives the boy's weight, eight and three fourths pounds, is good for that tired feeling. Mother and child are doing nicely.

A. L. Hart, of the Gordon-Shay Grand Opera Company, booked to appear at the Brainerd opera house, a week from tonight is in the city today. This company appears at Fargo this week. It has a strong repertoire but it has not been decided yet what will be put on here, the manager desiring if possible to secure an expression of the theatre goers on the matter. The company is a good one, and it will be a treat for Brainerd people to hear grand opera.

Just received a carload of fence wire at D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

Newline lace curtains and draperies at D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

RECEIVES THE CARDINALS.

Pope Leo Refuses to Accede to the Desire of His Physician.

Rome, March 2.—Dr. Lapponi, the pope's physician, in the morning made a last effort to induce his holiness to renounce his reception of the cardinals. He remonstrated with him, saying, "Your holiness, my duty is to point out that your health would greatly benefit by your resting today." The pope replied, "My dear doctor, before your valuable advice comes my duty which I shall perform until the end."

The audience was held in the pope's private library, and Pope Leo spoke continuously for half an hour with the forty-two cardinals present. No address was delivered and the most important words were when the pontiff referred with emphasis to his advanced age and approaching end.

Before retirement he presented to each cardinal a richly embellished pamphlet, reviewing the chief events in his pontificate, including a Latin poem of his own composition and five of his most important encyclicals. His holiness said: "I will order that the few cardinals absent, like Cardinal Gibbons, shall also have it."

ADDRESS ON WASHINGTON.

Delivered by Rev. G. W. Gallagher at Lockport, Ill.—A Glowing Tribute to his Worth as a Man.

The Lockport Journal, of Feb. 24, has a two column writeup of the address delivered by Rev. G. W. Gallagher, formerly of this city, at that place on Washington's birthday. The following paragraph is taken from the review of the address:

"Last Sunday evening, in the First Congregational church, Rev. G. W. Gallagher delivered a masterly discourse on Washington and his influence. Niagara Council, No. 8, Jr. O. U. A. M., and Star of Bethlehem Council, No. 21, D. A. R., attended in a body. Mr. Gallagher began by saying that the highest monument erected to honor the memory of one man was Washington's monument in the city that bears his revered name. In that monument were placed stones from different parts of the world. One stone bore the inscription, "From Rome to America." This stone was taken from the Temple of Peace in the city of Rome, which stood close to the palace of the Caesars. Washington was worthy of all the precious stones that could be placed in his monument. The height of his monument was symbolic of the grandeur of his fame. No work of art could be too high or too glorious to commemorate his character and his deeds. The ages had travailed in birth to produce him. As the stones of which his monument was composed had required unceasing geological epochs to produce their mica, felspar and marble, so all the centuries had contributed to the foundation of his ideas, principles and convictions."

Garden seeds and lawn grass at D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

EASILY DECIDED.

This Question Should be Answered Easily by Brainerd People.

Which is wiser—to have confidence in the opinions of your fellow citizens and people you know, or depend upon statements made by utter strangers, residing in far-away places? Read the following:

Mr. F. J. Hagadorn, of 123, Ninth street north, says: "For thirty years I had more or less trouble with my kidneys. Some attacks laid me up while during others my back ached so severely that I could not sleep at night nor work during the day. On many occasions I could not stand and talk to a man for two or three minutes without suffering with twinges across the small of my back which radiated toward the shoulders. As time passed by the complaint became more pronounced and difficult with the kidney secretions set in. As might be expected I tried everything when the attacks occurred to check them, but if I had met with any marked degree of success I never would have resorted to Doan's Kidney's Pills."

"When suffering severely I went to a drug store and got a box, I expected the results would be similar to those obtained by using other preparations. In twenty-four hours I changed my mind. I noticed they were acting totally different to anything hitherto tried, and encouraged I kept on with the treatment until I finished two boxes. Now I may have recurrences but at the present moment, and it is some time since I stopped the treatment, I have not a symptom of my old complaint. To anyone interested I will be only too pleased to give the minuter details and substantiate the above statement in a personal interview."

Sold for 50 cents a box, at H. P. Dunn & Co. and all druggists. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

RELIEVED FUEL PRESSURE.

Milder Weather Also Stimulated General Trade Conditions.

New York, Feb. 28.—R. G. Dan Company's weekly review of trade says:

Milder weather not only accented the demand for many lines of merchandise, but relieved the pressure for fuel, which threatened to become a serious matter, and incidentally facilitated efforts to reduce the freight congestion. With no other retarding feature than the holiday lull, business fully maintains its gratifying position. Returns of both domestic and foreign trade are fully equal to those of the same month last year and in many cases there are marked gains. The people are consuming on a scale never before equalled, as evidenced by the enormous distribution and continual inquiries for prompt shipment. Firmly held quotations also bear testimony to the fact that demand is often greater than supply.

TWO MINERS SUFFOCATED.

Overcome by Gas From a Shot in an Illinois Mine.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 28.—Alfred Mottley and Thomas McDonald were suffocated to death in the Black Diamond mine south of here during the day by being overcome by gas. Emery Brewer, the fire boss, in his efforts to save the men, nearly met death himself. Mottley had ventured into the smoke too soon after a shot was fired, and McDonald was suffocated in trying to rescue his companion.

You May Count on Minnesota.

"Our Teddy:"
Should there be a little trouble,
In the Monroe Doctrine belt,
Should the Teton's anger bubble,
Into more than empty words—
You may

count on Minnesota

We have no belted knights or earls,
No dude flannelled officers,

But a lot of husky boys and girls,

Who can quickly shoulder arms—

You'd be

proud of Minnesota

In times of peace we're rated low,
Just 200,000 men.

But if the whole reserve should go,

You'd see quite an army there

When you

checked up Minnesota

Our lumberjacks and river men,

Miners from the Iron Range,

Would drop their jobs and hasten then,

To the front and be in line,

When you

called out Minnesota

Indians from the reservation,

Jack pine savages, switch hogs,

Just think of the devastation,

Such a motley crew would do.

When you

whispered Minnesota

Full strength the navy would be manned,

When our sons of viking blood,

Tackled the sea to beat the band,

And the ships of William too—

You'd

hurrah for Minnesota.

God grant the time may never come,

That mere talk should turn to blows,

Still, if William's too troublesome,

And can't endure him longer—

Why, just

call up Minnesota.

February 25, 1903.

JOHN H. HOFFBAUER

THE MARKETS.

The following range of prices on the Minneapolis market today is furnished by Edwards, Wood & Co:

Wheat	May	July
Opening	76 1/2	76 1/2
Highest	76 1/2	76 1/2
Lowest	76 1/2	76 1/2
Closing	76 1/2	76 1/2

The following are the cash closing prices on the Minneapolis market:

No. 1 Hard	\$.78
No. 1 Northern	.77 1/2
No. 2 Northern	.77 1/2
No. 3 Yellow Corn	.41 1/2
No. 3 Corn	.40 to .41 1/2
No. 4 Corn	.35 to .38
No. 2 White Oats	.34 1/2
No. 3 White Oats	.33 1/2 to .33 1/2
No. 2 Rye	.48
Barley	.42 to .58
Flax	.12 1/2
February	.12 1/2

The Chicago closing prices are as follows:

May wheat	\$0	.77 1/2
July	"	.73
May corn	.47 1/2	.47 1/2
July	"	.44 1/2
May oats	.35 1/2	.35 1/2
July	"	.32 1/2
May pork	.18 20	.18 20
July		

NORTHERN PACIFIC BANK

WERNER HEMSTEAD, President
J. F. McGINNIS, Vice Pres.
H. D. TREGLAUNY, Cashier.
J. A. BATCHELDER, Asst. Cashier.

Capital \$25,000. Surplus \$10,000.

General Banking Business
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Your Account Solicited.

FOR Insurance,
Real Estate, Rents and Collections,
Apply to
R. G. VALLENTYNE,

First National Bank Building—
BRAINERD.

MINN

A. T. LARSON,
LAWYER.
Land Titles A Specialty.
Collections Given Prompt Attention.
First Nat'l Bank Block
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is the popular resort
when looking for....

Choice Wines and Liquors

Fine Imported and

DOMESTIC * CIGARS.

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Dee Holden,

Sleeper Block, Front Street

We serve only goods we
can guarantee.

Second-Hand
FURNITURE

We are Open for Business.

If you have upholstering bring
it to us, if you have anything to
sell, get us to buy, we deal in

New & Second-Hand
GOODS

and can fit you out to house
keeping.

Call and see us at 23 Kindred St.,
East Brainerd.

Beckman & Goodspeed.

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Manufacturer and Dealer in

Harness & Horse Clothing

Walker Block.

BRAINERD. MINNESOTA

HOFFMAN
WILL TRUST YOU

Tell the

TRUTH
And Shame
The

DEVIL.

The Insurance I Sell is Best on Earth.

J. R. SMITH, Agent,

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Westbound Trains—Dining Cars.
TIME CARD—BRAINERD.

EAST BOUND: Arrive. Depart
No. 2, Paul Express 12:30 p.m. 1:30 p.m.
No. 11, Duluth Express 1:30 a.m. 4:30 a.m.
No. 12, Duluth Express 1:30 p.m. 1:30 p.m.

WEST BOUND: Arrive. Depart
No. 2, Fargo Express 1:00 p.m. 1:30 p.m.
No. 13, Pacific Express 1:30 p.m. 1:30 p.m.
No. 11, Pacific Express 1:30 p.m. 12:45 p.m.

Train 10, 14, 11 and 13 daily.

L. F. & D. BRANCH
No. 2, L. F. & D. Branch
Center & Morris
No. 21, Morris, Sank Cen-
ter & Brainerd. 5:30 p.m.
Daily Except Sunday.

C. W. MOSIER,
Agent.

FIRST VICTIM'S FATHER

HERMAN LITTLEMAN CONFRONTS
ALFRED KNAPP IN JAIL AT
HAMILTON, O.

EXPRESSES SOME REMORSE

Murderer Showed Signs of Breaking
Down Before the Enraged Parent.
Latter Says He Never Saw the
Strangler Before—Former Employer
Says Knapp Showed Vicious Ten-
dencies on Several Occasions.

Hamilton, O., March 2.—Alfred Knapp was during the day visited by Herman Littleman of Cincinnati, father of little Emma Littleman, the victim of Knapp's first murder in Cincinnati. Littleman was unable to identify Knapp as any man whom he had ever seen or known. The most significant feature of the interview was the fact that for the first time Knapp expressed some remorse and showed signs of breaking down before the enraged father. Littleman stood outside the cell and after he had looked at Knapp said:

"I have never seen the man before. I do not care to look at him any more."

Knapp said: "I am just as sorry as can be that Little Emma is dead. She had hair and eyes like yours."

As Littleman turned away tears stood in Knapp's eyes. This was his first demonstration in that way.

Showed Vicious Tendencies.

In the few months Knapp lived in Hamilton he showed vicious tendencies.

W. B. Carr, who employed Knapp, says Knapp one day while at work on the third floor of the mill saw a nice young woman accompanied by a lady passing in the street. He had a large chisel in his hand, which he hurled at the couple, although he knew them not. Later he attempted to kill an unknown passing woman by hurling a large chunk of iron out of the window.

Knapp does not use tobacco and is not known as a drinker. He is quite a reader and is kept supplied with magazines and books, but not allowed to see newspapers. He enjoys card playing with other prisoners.

A special grand jury will try Knapp at once for the Murder of Hannah Goddard, wife No. 3.

BURDICK MURDER.

Statement of a Woman Places Case
in Different Light.

Buffalo, N. Y., March 2.—The district attorney and the heads of the detective and police forces for nearly two hours have been closely questioning a woman in connection with the murder of Edwin L. Burdick. She is not under arrest, but it is stated that an arrest may follow at any moment. It is said that the woman, whose identity is known only to those in the room, has figured in the case heretofore. Her statement, it is also stated on good authority, is placing the murderer in an entirely different light from any of the theories previously advanced by the police.

ENDS IN A COMPROMISE.

Santa Fe Employees on Coast Lines
Receive an Increase.

Topeka, Kan., March 2.—At a conference between the officials of the Santa Fe railway and a committee sent from the conductors and trainmen, formal settlement of the wage controversy was made. The freight men receive an increase of 15 per cent in wages and the passenger men 12 per cent, effective March 1, 1903.

A compromise was made on the double header question whereby the road retains double headers on some parts of the system and abolishes them on others.

The organizations held out for a 20 per cent increase and abolition of the double header system. Hence the settlement will be seen to be in the nature of a compromise.

The agreement just signed covered the coast lines of the Santa Fe system only, but the officials of the road and the members of the grievance committee say that the other agreements covering the whole system will be signed, and that this will be an informal matter, as the terms already have been agreed upon.

WEARY OF LIFE.

Woman Claiming to Be Last of Distinguished Family Suicides.

Philadelphia, March 2.—A woman who gave her name as Mrs. Charlotte G. Wellington, committed suicide last night by inhaling chloroform in a fashionable boarding house at Haddonfield, N. J., near here. The woman left a note to the proprietor of the boarding house in which she said:

"I am the last of a distinguished family left so alone that I am tired of life. Will you kindly see that my remains are decently buried? I enclose money to pay expenses. My clothes give to the poor. Please keep this as quiet as possible."

With the note was \$75. The woman came to the boarding house about Feb. 29. She was always apparently in good spirits. She was about fifty years of age, refined and plentifully supplied with money.

ROBERT EMMETT'S BIRTHDAY.

Anniversary Celebrated in Washington by Public Meeting.

Washington, March 2.—The 125th anniversary of the birthday of Robert Emmett was celebrated at a largely attended public meeting here at night at which the speakers included Senator Clapp of Minnesota and Representatives Barthold of Missouri, Driscoll of New York and Cockran of Mississippi. They all expressed sympathy for the Irish cause and at the close of the meeting resolutions were adopted declaring that to the securing of Irish liberty "we pledge our lives, our fortunes and our honor."

1903 MARCH 1903

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

VICTORY NOT ASSURED.

Russians Not Optimistic Over Tackling Abdul's Army.

St. Petersburg, Saturday, Feb. 28, via Eydtkuhnen, German Frontier, March 2.—Some publicists are of the opinion that only the sternest language towards Turkey can prevent a war between Turkey and Russia in the spring. They believe that Turkey will pursue bands of Macedonian mercenaries across the Bulgarian frontier and public opinion will compel Russia to interfere. The Russians thoroughly understand that a war with Turkey will be more serious than that of 1878. Officers are quoted as saying that the Turkish army is the best in the world, owing to its German arms and armament. There is a growing feeling here that Germany would welcome a clash between Russia and Turkey. This opinion is freely expressed in private, though not allowed public utterance.

TURKISH TROOPS REPULSED.

Macedonians and Bulgarians Defeat Sultan's Forces.

London, March 2.—The Geneva correspondent of the Daily Chronicle telegraphs that news has been received there of an engagement between Turkish troops and bodies of Macedonians and Bulgarians near Monastir. The Turks suffered a repulse. After the fighting thirty-two dead and many wounded men were found.

RAIN OF ASHES CONTINUES.

Mount Colima Devastates Many Rich Plantations.

Guadalajara, Mex., March 1.—The rain of ashes from Mount Colima still continues. Many plantations situated in the rich valleys to the eastward of the volcano have been completely devastated. The slate colored powder covers the ground to a depth of several inches. Lava is pouring down the eastern slope of the mountain. Natives are terror-stricken by the earthquake shocks. These seismic disturbances show no indication of decreasing in violence. The shocks occur at intervals throughout the days and nights. Everyone is camping out of doors. A pall of smoke that hangs close to the earth and is almost suffocating covers the country for fifty miles around the volcano. The light of the sun is shut out and lighted lamps are required throughout the day. The cathedrals are crowded with worshippers day and night.

ARMY BOND BILL PASSED.

Among the bills passed was Mr. Shove's measure permitting cities to issue bonds to raise money for the construction of armories for the national guard, and Mr. Deming's bill limiting the time during which continuous service may be required from locomotive engineers and firemen to fourteen hours.

Mr. Morley's bill removing the university and other educational institutions from the charge of the board of control, came up as a special order at 2 p. m. The bill has been reported for indefinite postponement by the committee on general legislation, but its fate will be decided on the floor.

The first vote taken after the session opened was on a motion made by Mr. Haugland to reconsider the vote by which the Stone rate bill was passed. This was a parliamentary device to make all secure. A roll call was demanded and the count showed only seven votes for reconsideration. The bill will now go to the senate.

The appropriations committee of the house has decided to recommend the printing deficiency and the national guard appropriation bills for immediate passage. They will not be required to wait for the omnibus bill, on the ground that they are emergency measures. The weekly newspapers of the state have waited almost a year for their money.

On motion of Mr. Gillette the house adjourned until Monday at 11 a. m.

GAME AND FISH LAWS.

General Bill by Senator Morgan Revises Them.

All existing laws for the preservation, propagation, sale and transportation of game fish have been codified, harmonized, revised and included in one general bill presented to the senate by Senator Morgan. There are no radical changes in the bill, which is understood to have the endorsement of Executive Agent Sam Fullerton. The bill carries an appropriation of \$50,000, a portion of which is to be expended in improvements at the fish hatchery, including two new fish houses.

The law imposes a tax of \$25 on non-residents for big and \$10 for small game. The small game fee is an innovation.

A rather peculiar bill was offered by Senator John C. Hardy of St. Paul. It appropriates \$5,000 for the widow of Joseph Mrozinski, who was killed by a shot from a steam launch in the Mississippi river occupied by a deputy game warden and an assistant. Mrozinski was supposed to be engaged in illegal fishing. At the trial of the game warden the latter was acquitted. The peculiarity in the Hardy bill is the following clause: "Who was, without doubt, just cause or provocation, shot or killed by a deputy game warden or his assistant then with him."

The senate Thursday passed a resolution calling on the board of university regents for an itemized report of receipts and expenditures. Early in the morning the report was on the desk of the senators. The figures are interesting.

The total receipts for the university for 1902 were \$439,917.22; disbursements, \$419,744.97; balance for July 31, 1902, 20,172.25; paid for salaries 1902, \$293,223.34.

On the basis of the figures for 1901 and 1902 the university receipts for 1903 from the state tax, the government grant, and the university receipts will amount to about \$370,000.

If the special bill passes without change it will add \$531,000 to the \$370,000 from the other sources, making a total credit of \$901,000.

Opposition has developed in the senate to the Deming bill, which contributes \$5,000 out of the state treasury to the Finnish and Swedish famine relief funds. Singularly enough, it is those who are most interested in the work of raising funds to relieve the distress in Sweden and Finland that are opposing the appropriation.

The senate adjourned to Monday at 3 p. m.

CHICAGO UNION STOCK YARDS.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, \$4.50@5.50; common to fair, \$3.00@4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, \$3.25@4.00; calves, \$2.00@3.00. Hogs—\$6.50@7.10. Sheep—Good to choice, \$4.75@5.25; lambs, \$5.50@6.25.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—Wheat—May, 77 1/2c; July, 78 1/2c; Sept., 78 1/2c. Corn—Feb., 45c; March, 45c; May, 47c; July, 44 1/2c; Sept., 44 1/2c. Oats—Feb., 34c; May, 35 1/2c; July, 32 1/2c; Sept., 29 1/2c@29 1/2c. Pork—May, \$18.00; July, \$17.45; Sept., \$16.95. Flax—Cash. Northwestern, \$1.12. May, \$1.16 1/2@1.17. Butter—Creameries, 18@27 1/2c. Dairies, 14@24c. Eggs—14 1/2@14 1/2c. Poultry—Turkeys, 15@18c; chickens, 10@13 1/2c.

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